# General Description Booklet 

## for the <br> 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Compiled by Mike Weber<br>Under the direction of Peter Saile<br>Chief, Special Projects Section<br>Individual Statistics Branch<br>Statistics of Income Division<br>Intemal Revenue Service

# 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE 

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION ..... 1
DISCLOSURE AVOIDANCE PROCEDURES ..... 2
1994 TAX FILE SAMPLE ..... 4
CORE RECORD LAYOUT (CODES) ..... 6
CORE RECORD LAYOUT (AMOUNTS) ..... 7
CODE DEFINITIONS ..... 14
EXPLANATION OF FIELDS NOT ABSTRACTED DIRECTLY FROM
TAX FORMS ..... 22
TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILE ..... 26
INDIVIDUAL TAX FILE SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ..... 27
WEIGHTED COUNTS FOR EACH FIELD ..... 31
1994 FEDERAL TAX FORMS (WITH FIELD NUMBERS REFERENCED) ..... 41

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## INTRODUCTION

The Internal Revenue Service 1994 Public Use Tax File, which contains 96,384 records, was selected as part of the Statistics of Income program that was designed to tabulate and present statistical information for the 115.9 million Form 1040, Form 1040A, and Form 1040EZ Federal Individual Income Tax Returns filed for Tax Year 1994.

The Tax Files which have been produced since 1960, consist of detailed information taken from SOI sample records. The public use versions of these sample files are sold in an unidentifiable form, with names, Social Security Numbers (SSN), and other similar information omitted. The primary uses made of these files have been to simulate the administrative and revenue impact of tax law changes, as well as to provide general statistical tabulations relating to sources of income and taxes paid by individuals.

The Individual Tax File is designed for making national level estimates. The 1994 Tax File can be purchased through the Intemal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Division. Any questions concerning the cost and acquisition of the current Individual Tax File should be directed to:

Daniel F. Skelly, Director<br>Statistics of Income Division CP:R:S<br>Internal Revenue Service<br>P.O. Box 2608<br>Washington, DC 20013-2608

Telephone number: (202) 874-0700
Fax number: (202) 874-1198
Individual Public Use Tax Files for each of the Tax Years 1960, 1962, and 1966 through 1978, and State Public Use Tax Files for Tax Years 1977 and 1978, are available through the National Archives and Records Service. Questions conceming cost, acquisition, and delivery of these historical tax model files, should be addressed to:

## Reference Services

Center for Electronic Records, (NSXA)
National Archives and Records Administration
8601 Adelphi Road
College Park, MD 20740-6001
(301) 713-6630

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

The Archives order number for any of the above-mentioned historical Public Use Tax Model Files is $374-109-(A)$. In addition to the order number, the requester should also specify the tax year and version (Individual or State) of the file under consideration.

Please refer to the sections of this booklet titled "Individual Tax File Sample Description" for a more detailed discussion of the Tax File.

## DISCLOSURE AVOIDANCE PROCEDURES

To preserve the character of the microdata file while also protecting the identity of individuals, we have incorporated the following procedural changes in the Individual Tax File.

First, to make sure that it will be impossible to know whether a given taxpayer is represented in the sample, we have subsampled our 100 percent sample ${ }^{1}$ at a 33 percent rate.

Second, those records that remain in our file from the 100 percent sample have been combined with other high income returns for the following processing changes:

As in past years, the State codes and all other geographic indicators have been removed for all high income records. Other codes and fields removed for these returns include: age and blindness indicators (for both primary and secondary taxpayers), alimony paid, and alimony received. Also, certain codes (age status, marital status, and exemptions for children living at home) have been modified (see section on Code Definitions for specific changes).

Then, all of the high income returns have been sorted from largest to smallest for the field "State and local income taxes deductions". In this field, for every three records, in descending order, the average State and local income taxes deduction has been determined and that value has been placed in the State and local income taxes deduction field for each of the three records. This has been done over that part of the sample containing non-zero values in these fields. If the last group of records contains fewer than three, these records have been combined with the group of three immediately before it. This method of disguising data is called "blurring".
${ }^{1}$ Returns sampled at 100 percent for the Statistics of Income program include those with total income or loss of $\$ 5,000,000$ or more; those with business plus farm receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more; and nontaxable returns with adjusted gross incomes or expanded incomes of $\$ 200,000$ or more.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

High income returns have then been separated into 35 different classes based on age, marital status, the number of children living at home, and the size of salaries and wages. Within each of these 35 classes, returns have been sorted on salaries and wages. This field has then been blurred over consecutive records as described above for State and local income tax deductions. However, records have only been averaged with other records in the same class. Therefore, records within one of the 35 classes have not been averaged with records in any of the other 34 classes. The file was then sorted on real estate tax deductions (again, within the 35 classes), and on home mortgage financial institutions and the same blurring procedure was repeated on each field. ${ }^{2}$

Third, all lower income retums (records with an adjusted gross income of less than $\$ 200,000$ and not from our 100 percent sample) have been blurred, nationally, for alimony paid and alimony received and home mortgage interest paid to financial institutions. Then, all lower income returns were sorted by State. After this sort, the records were blurred for real estate tax deductions and State and local income taxes deduction (State of Wisconsin, only, for this last item) in the same manner as described above. The only difference between the processing of these records and that of the high income returns is that the lower income returns have been sorted for real estate tax deduction by individual state with no records from two different States being combined when averaging a field over a series of records.

Fourth, for all records on the file, all fields on the file have been rounded to the four most significant digits (e.g., $\$ 14,371=\$ 14,370$ and $\$ 228,867=\$ 228,900$ ).

Since individual records in this file may or may not contain data from just one tax return-and never contain the full item content of any one tax return-we request that researchers make these facts clear in publishing their findings. In particular, they should refrain from using any language that would imply that they had access to individual taxpayers' records.

The following table shows the number of returns in the sample for each State, and the number not State-coded for disclosure reasons as described above.

[^0]
## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## SAMPLE BY STATE

| STATE: | NUMBER OF RECORDS | WEIGHTED TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| High Income ${ }^{3}$ | 37,294 | $1,148,757$ |
| Alabama | 809 | $1,802,012$ |
| Alaska | 222 | 297,086 |
| Arizona | 912 | $1,780,766$ |
| Arkansas | 518 | $1,059,563$ |
| California | 7,876 | $13,172,409$ |
| Colorado | 918 | $1,652,386$ |
| Connecticut | 814 | $1,447,055$ |
| Delaware | 168 | 324,034 |
| District of Columbia | 138 | 312,260 |
| Florida | 3,253 | $6,477,968$ |
| Georgia | 1,483 | $3,079,051$ |
| Hawaii | 288 | 522,729 |
| Idaho | 253 | 421,369 |
| Illinois | 2,697 | $5,326,914$ |
| Indiana | 1,160 | $2,457,505$ |
| Iowa | 755 | $1,393,108$ |
| Kansas | 612 | $1,086,210$ |
| Kentucky | 763 | $1,636,862$ |
| Louisiana | 784 | $1,623,394$ |
| Maine | 265 | 543,378 |
| Maryland | 1,185 | $2,434,323$ |
| Massachusetts | 1,427 | $2,728,671$ |
| Michigan | 2,017 | $4,290,088$ |
| Minnesota | 1,148 | $2,166,425$ |
| Mississippi | 470 | 969,226 |
| Missouri | 1,146 | $2,263,424$ |
| Montana | 202 | 320,991 |
| Nebraska | 423 | 748,837 |
| Nevada | 378 | 687,851 |
| New Hampshire | 279 | 552,371 |
| New Jersey | 1,940 | $3,751,645$ |
| New Mexico | 358 | 657,182 |
| New York | 3,880 | $7,515,077$ |
| North Carolina | 1,494 | $3,243,317$ |
| North Dakota | 168 | 253,178 |
|  |  |  |

```
3 These returns do not include the state code.
```


## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## SAMPLE BY STATE

| STATE: | WEIGHTED TOTAL |  | NUMBER OF RECORDS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ohio | 2,286 | $4,994,574$ |  |
| Oklahoma | 747 | $1,387,890$ |  |
| Oregon | 743 | $1,384,090$ |  |
| Pennsylvania | 2,577 | $5,215,252$ |  |
| Rhode Island | 236 | 470,430 |  |
| South Carolina | 761 | $1,681,255$ |  |
| South Dakota | 239 | 400,087 |  |
| Tennessee | 1,105 | $2,378,389$ |  |
| Texas | 4,001 | $7,820,319$ |  |
| Utah | 359 | 735,824 |  |
| Vermont | 159 | 281,961 |  |
| Virginia | 1,469 | $2,970,626$ |  |
| Washington | 1,240 | $2,350,118$ |  |
| West Virginia | 318 | 711,346 |  |
| Wisconsin | 1,123 | $2,223,514$ |  |
| Wyoming | 121 | 222,904 |  |
| APO/FPO | 88 | 236,764 |  |
| Puerto Rico/V.I. | 15 | 48,669 |  |
| Other Than Above | 300 | 281,718 |  |

## RECORD LAYOUT

## 2 Digit Codes

(all codes are 2 characters in length - PIC 99)

| 1. AGEX | 14. F6251 | 27. TFORM |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. AGIRI | 15. F8582 | 28. TXST |
| 3. CYCLE | 16. F8606 | 29. XBI* |
| 4. DSI | 17. MARS | 30. XFPT |
| 5. EFI | 18. PCI | 31. XFST |
| 6. EIC | 19. PREP | 32. XOCAH |
| 7. ELECT | 20. PSV | 33. XOCAWH |
| 8. FDED | 21. REGION* | 34. XOODEP |
| 9. FLPDYR | 22. SCHB | 35. XOPAR |
| 10. FLPDMO | 23. SCHCF | 36. XTOT |
| 11. F2441 | 2. SCHE |  |
| 12. $F 2555$ | 2. SPECTX |  |
| 13. $F 3800$ | 2. STATE* |  |

* Only present for returns that sampled at less than a $100 \%$ rate and where AGI was less than \$200,000


## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## 1994 NON-PUBLIC USE FILE RECORD LAYOUT Amount Fields and Large Codes

Field No E Fields
Income

1. Salaries and Wages ${ }^{1}$
2. Taxable Interest
3. Tax-exempt Interest Income
4. Dividends
5. State Income Tax Refunds
6. Alimony Received ${ }^{2 /}$7. Business or Profession Net Income Less Loss (Schedule C) (+/-)
7. Sales of Capital Assets Reported on Sch. D Net Gain Less Loss in AGI (+/-)
8. Capital Gain Distributions Reported On Form 1040
9. Sales of Prop. other than Capital Assets Net Gain Less Loss (+/-)(Form 4797)
10. Taxable IRA Distribution
11. Total Pensions and Annuities
12. Pensions and Annuities in AGI
13. Schedule E Net Income Less Loss (+/-)
14. Farm Net Income Less Loss (Schedule F) (+/-)
15. Unemployment Compensation
16. Total Social Security Benefits (SOI)
17. Social Security Benefits in AGI
18. RESERVED
19. RESERVED
20. RESERVED
Statutory Adjustments
21. Payments to Individual Retirement Account (IRA) (Primary)
22. Payments to Individual Retirement Account (IRA) (Secondary)
23. Moving Expenses *
24. Deduction for Self-employment Tax
25. Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction
26. Payments to a Keogh Plan
27. Forfeited Interest Penalty
28. Alimony Paid ${ }^{2 /}$
29. RESERVED
30. RESERVED
31. RESERVED

Note: See page 13 for this section's footnotes.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Adjusted Gross Income
33. Adjusted Gross Income Less Deficit (AGI) (+/-)

Tax Computation
34. Standard Deduction (if used) or Itemized Deductions (whether or not used)
35. Exemption Amount
36. Taxable Income
37. Tax on Taxable Income
38. Computed Income Tax (SOI)
39. Income Tax Before Credits
40. Income Subject to Tax (SOI)
41. Marginal Tax Base (SOI)
42. Tax Generated - Tax Rate Tables (SOI)

Credits
43. Total Tax Credits (SOI)
44. Child and Dependent Care
45. Elderly or Disabled
46. Foreign Tax
47. General Business Credit
48. Other Tax Credits (Not Included in the Other Credit fields) (SOI)
49. Credit for Prior Year Minimum Tax

Other Taxes
50. Total Income Tax (SOI)
51. Income Tax after Credits (SOI)
52. Self-Employment Tax
53. Altemative Minimum Tax
54. Recapture Taxes (Includes Form 4255, Recapture Tax of Investment Credit and Form 8611 , Recapture of Low Income Housing Credit)
55. Social Security Tax on Tip Income Not Reportedto Employer
56. Penalty Tax on Qualified Retirement Plans
57. Total Tax Liability (SOI)

Note: See page 13 for this section's footnotes.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Payments
58. Income Tax Withheld
59. Estimated Tax Payments
60. Earned Income for Earned Income Credit (SOI)
61. EIC Used to Offset Income Tax Before Credits (SOI)
62 EIC Used to Offset All Other Taxes Except Advance EIC (SOI)
63. EIC Refundable Portion (SOI)
64. Amount Paid with Form 4868
65. Excess Social Security/RRTA
66. Credit for Federal Tax on Special Fuels and Oils
67. Regulated Investment Company Credit
68. Total Tax Payments (SOI)
Refund or Amount You Owe
69. Balance Due (Overpayment) (+/-)
70. Overpayment Credited to Next Year's Tax
71. Predetermined Estimated Tax Penalty
Itemized Deductions (Schedule A)
Medical and Dental Expense Deductions
72. Medical and Dental Expenses Subject to Reduction by AGI Limit
73. Limited Medical and Dental Expenses Deduction
Taxes Paid Deductions
74. State and Local Income Taxes ${ }^{1 /}$
75. Real Estate Taxes ${ }^{3 /}$
76. RESERVED
77 RESERVED
Interest Paid Deductions
78. Home Mortgage Interest \& Points Paid to Financial Institutions ${ }^{3 /}$
79. Home Mortgage Paid to Individuals
80. Deductible Points Not Reported on Form 1098
81. Investment Interest Paid
82. Total Interest

Note: See page 13 for this section's footnotes.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| Gifts to Charity |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 83. | Cash Contributions |
| 84. | Other than Cash Contributions |
| 85. | RESERVED |
| 86. | Contributions Deduction, Total |
| Miscellaneous Deductions (Subject to 2\% Limitation) |  |
| 87. | Net Limited Miscellaneous Deductions |
| 88. | Unreimbursed Employee Business Expense |
| 89. | Tax Preparation Fees |
| 90. | Total Miscellaneous Deductions Subject to Agi Limitation |
| Other |  |
| 91. | Casualty or Theft Loss |
| 92. | RESERVED |
| 93. | RESERVED |
| Itemized Deduction Limitation |  |
|  | Itemized Deduction Limitation (SOI) |
| Interest and Dividend Income (Schedule B) |  |
| 95. | Nontaxable Distributions* |
| Combined Schedule C Income and Some Deduction Items |  |
| 96. | Net Receipts ( $+/$-) |
| 97. | Cost of Goods Sold And/or Operations |
| 98. | Business Receipts (+/-) (SOI) |
| 99 | Total Income or Loss (+/-) |
| 100. | Car and Truck Expenses |
| 101. | Commissions and Fees |
| 102. | Depreciation |
| 103. | Insurance |
| 104. | Mortgage Interest |
| 105. | Other Interest |
| 106. | Office Expenses |
| 107. | Rent - Other Business Property |
| 108. | Wages (Less Jobs Credit) |
| 109. | Total Expenses ${ }^{4 /}$ |
| 110. | RESERVED |

Note: See page 13 for this section's footnotes

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Capital Gains (Schedule D)<br>111. Short-term Gains<br>112. Short-term Losses (Before Carryover)<br>113. RESERVED<br>114. Long Term Gain from Other Forms Carried to Schedule D<br>115. Long Term Loss from Other Forms Carried to Schedule D<br>116. Schedule D Capital Gain Distributions<br>117. Long-term Gain<br>118. Long-term Losses (Before Carryover)<br>119. RESERVED

Supplemental Income and Loss (Schedule E)
Rental Real Estate and Royalties
120. Total Rents Received
121. Total Royalties Received
122. Rental Expenses: Mortgage Interest
123. Rent/royalty Expenses Other Interest
124. Royalty Depletion
125. Rental Depreciation
126. Rent Net Income or Loss ( $+/-$ )
127. Royalty Net Income or Loss ( $+/-$ )
128. Deductible Rental Real Estate Loss
129. RESERVED
130. Rent/royalty Net Income
131. Rent/royalty Net Loss

Partnerships
132. Total Passive Income
133. Total Non-passive Income
134. Total Passive Loss
135. Total Non-passive Loss
136. Partnership Section 179 Expense Deduction

Note: See page 13 for this section's footnotes.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Small Business Corporation
137. Total Passive Income
138. Total Non-passive Income
139. Total Passive Loss Allowed
140. Total Non-passive Loss
141. Combined Partnership and S Corporation Net Income/loss (+/-)
142. S-corp. Section 179 Expense Deduction
Estate or Trust
143. Total Income
144. Total Loss

Farm Rental
145. Farm Rent Net Income or Loss (Not included in any other rent field) ( $+/$-)

Schedule SE - Self Employment Income
146. Net Earnings from Self-Employment, Total (SOI)
147. Net Earnings from Self-Employment, Secondary Taxpayer (SOI)

Child Care Credit (Form 2441)
148. Qualifying Expenses Limitation
149. Earned Income Limitation (SOI)
150. Qualified Expenses Limited to Earned Income (SOI)

General Business Credit (Form 3800)
151. Investment (Included in General Business Credit)
152. Jobs (Included in General Business Credit)
153. Alcohol Used as Fuel (Included in General Business Credit)
154. Increasing Research Activities (Included in General Business Credit)
155. Low Income Housing (Included in General Business Credit)

Investment Interest Expense Deduction (Form 4952)
156. Disallowed Investment Interest Expense to be Carried Forward
157. Investment Interest Expense
158. Amount Elected for Inclusion in Investment Income

Note: See page 13 for this section's footnotes

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Altemative Minimum Tax Computation (Form 6251)
159. Accelerated Depreciation
160. Combined Tax Preferences (SOI) ..... *
161. Net Operating Loss Tax Preference (SOI) ..... *
162. Other Adjustments and Preferences ( $+/$ )
163. Total Adjusments and Preferences ( $+/-$ )
164. Tentative Altemative Minimum Taxable Income
165. Alternative Tax Foreign Tax Credit
Passive Activity Loss Limitation (Form 8582)
166. Total Current Year Passive Net Income (SOI)
167. Total Current Year Passive Net Losses (SOI)
168. Total Losses Allowed from All Passive Activities for 1994
169 RESERVED
Minimum Tax Credit (Form 8801)
170. RESERVED
171. Minimum Tax Credit Carry forward to 1995
Miscelaneous Codes
172. Return Id
173. RESERVED
174. RESERVED
175. Decimal Weight
176. Sample Count
177. Population Count
178. Sample Code
179. Marginal Tax Rate Code (SOI)

* Indicates new field for 1994.
${ }^{1}$ Blurred for high income returns (note: State and local income taxes deduction is alsoblurred for low income returns in Wisconsin); See the section on Disclosure AvoidanceProcedures for a more complete explanation.
${ }^{2}$ Blurred for lower income returns, reserved for high income returns.
${ }^{3 /}$ Blurred for all returns
${ }^{4}$ For Schedule C-EZ filers, no detail is available for this field.


## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## CODE DEFINITIONS

1. AGEX Age Indicator:
(A) No Age Status for either taxpayer............................ 0
(B) Only primary taxpayer indicates age 65 or over ....... 1
(C) Only secondary taxpayer indicates age 65 or over ... 2
(D) Both spouses indicate age 65 or over....................... 3

NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 1, this code was set equal to 1 .
2. AGIR I Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Range

No AGI (includes deficit)............................. 00
\$ 1 under \$ 1,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 1,000 under \$ 2,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 2,000 under \$ 3,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 3,000 under \$ 4,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ . ~ 04 ~$
\$ 4,000 under \$ 5,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 5,000 under \$ 6,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 6,000 under \$ 7,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .07$
\$ 7,000 under \$ 8,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 8,000 under \$ 9,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 9,000 under \$ $10,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 10,000 under $\$ 11,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 11,000 under \$ 12,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .12$
\$ 12,000 under \$ 13,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 13,000 under \$ $14,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 14,000 under \$ $15,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$

\$ 16,000 under \$ $17,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . \ldots 17$
\$ 17,000 under \$ $18,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 18,000 under \$ $19,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .19$
\$ 19,000 under \$ 20,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .20$
\$ 20,000 under \$ 25,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 25,000 under \$ $30,000 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 30,000 under \$ 40,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
\$ 40,000 under \$ 50,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .24$
\$ 50,000 under \$ 75,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .25$
\$ 75,000 under \$ 100,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .26$
\$ 100,000 under \$ 200,000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .27$
\$ 200,000 under \$ 500,000......................... 28
$\$ 500,000$ under \$ 1,000,000...................... 29
$\$ 1,000,000$ or more....................................... 30

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

3. CYCLE CYCLE
Individual Master File return posting cycle (week) code ..... 04-52
(Each number represents the nth week of the year)
4. DSI Dependent Status Indicator:
(A) Taxpayer not being claimed as a dependent on another tax return. 0
(B) Taxpayer claimed as a dependent on another tax return .....  1
5. EFI Electronic Filing Indicator
(A) Return not filed electronically ..... 0
(B) Return filed electronically ..... 1
6. EIC Earned Income Credit Code:
(A) No children claimed ..... 0
(B) One child claimed .....
(C) Two children claimed ..... 2
(Note: This field does not indicate whether the Earned Income Credit was claimed)
7. ELECT President Elect Campaign Fund Boxes:
(A) No "yes" boxes checked ..... 0
(B) One "yes" box checked (or both "yes" and "no" boxes checked) ..... 1
(C) Two "yes" boxes checked ..... 2
8. FDED Form of Deduction Code:
(A) Itemized deductions ..... 1
(B) Standard deduction ..... 2
(C) Taxpayer did not use itemized or standard deduction ..... 3
Note: Unused total itemized deductions may be shown in field 34 if provided by the taxpayer.

# 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE 

9. FLPDYR Filing (Accounting), YearTax Year.01-95
10. FLPDMO Filing (Accounting) Period:
Month Taxpayer's year ended ..... 01-12
11. F2441 Form 2441, Child Care Credit Qualified Individual
(A) No Form 2441 attached to return ..... 0
(B) Number of qualifying individuals. ..... 1-9
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3, this code was set equal to 3
12. F2555 Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income:
(A) No Form 2555 attached to the return ..... 0
(B) Form 2555 attached to the return ..... 1
13. F3800 Form 3800, General Business credit:
(A) No Form 3800 attached to return ..... 0
(B) Form 3800 attached to return ..... I
14. F6251 Form 6251, Alternative Minimum Tax:
(A) No Form 6251 attached to the return ..... 0
(B) Form 6251 attached to the return ..... 1
15. F8582 Form 8582, Passive Activity Loss Limitation:
(A) No Form 8582 attached to return ..... 0
(B) Form 8582 attached to return ..... 1

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

16. F8606 Form 8606, Nondeductible IRA Contributions:
(A) No Form 8606 attached to return ..... 0
(B) Number of Forms 8606 attached to return ..... 1-2
17 MARS Marital (Filing) Status:
(A) Single .....  1
(B) Married filing a joint return ..... 2
(C) Married filing separately and not claiming a spousal exemption ..... 3
(D) Head of household ..... 4
(E) Widow(er) with dependent child (surviving spouse) ..... 5
(F) Married filing separately and claiming a spousal exemption ..... 6
NOTE: For high income returns with values equal to 5 , this code was set equal to 2 .
17. PCI Form 1040PC indicator
(A) Return not filed as Form 1040PC ..... 00
(B) Return filed as Form 1040PC ..... 01
18. PREP Tax Preparer
(A) No preparer other than taxpayer indicated on the form .....  0
(B) Return prepared by paid tax preparer ..... 1
(C) IRS prepared return ..... 2
(D) IRS reviewed return .....  3
(E) Voluntary Income Tax Assistance prepared return ..... 4
(F) Self help ..... 5
(G) Tax Counseling for the elderly ..... 6
(H) Outreach program ..... 7
19. PSV Primary Stratifying Variable:
(A) Positive Income GT OR EQ to Negative Income .....
(B) Negative Income GT Positive Income ..... 2

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## 21. REGION IRS Regions:

(A) Central ..... 1
(B) Mid-Atlantic .....  2
(C) Midwest ..... 3
(D) North Atlantic ..... 4
(E) Southeast ..... 5
(F) Southwest ..... 6
(G) Western ..... 7
NOTE: For high income returns this code was set equal to zero.
22. SCHB Schedule B Indicator:
(A) No Schedule B attached to return ..... 0
(B) Schedule B attached to return .....  1
23. SCHCF Schedule C or F Indicator:
(A) Neither Schedule C or F present ..... 0
(B) Schedule C present only ..... I
(C) Schedule F present only ..... 2
(D) Schedule C and F present Schedule C Gross Receipts Larger. ..... 3
(E) Schedule C and F present Schedule F Gross Receipts Larger ..... 4
24. SCHE Schedule E Indicator:
(A) No Schedule E attached to the return ..... 0
(B) Schedule E attached to the return ..... l
25. SPECTX Special Tax Computation:
(A) No entry ..... 0
(B) Form 4970 tax used ..... 1
(C) Form 4972 tax used ..... 2
(D) Both Form 4972 and Form 4970 taxes used ..... 3
(E) Type not determinable or prior year return with any combination of the additional taxes ..... 4

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

26. STATE

| Code | STATE NAME | Code |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| STATE NAME |  |  |  |
| 1 | Alabama | 29 | Nevada |
| 2 | Alaska | 30 | New Hampshire |
| 3 | Arizona | 31 | New Jersey |
| 4 | Arkansas | 32 | New Mexico |
| 5 | California | 33 | New York |
| 6 | Colorado | 34 | North Carolina |
| 7 | Connecticut | 35 | North Dakota |
| 8 | Delaware | 36 | Ohio |
| 9 | District of Columbia | 37 | Oklahoma |
| 10 | Florida | 38 | Oregon |
| 11 | Georgia | 39 | Pennsylvania |
| 12 | Hawaii | 40 | Rhode Island |
| 13 | Idaho | 41 | South Carolina |
| 14 | Illinois | 42 | South Dakota |
| 15 | Indiana | 43 | Tennessee |
| 16 | Iowa | 44 | Texas |
| 17 | Kansas | 45 | Utah |
| 18 | Kentucky | 46 | Vermont |
| 19 | Louisiana | 47 | Virginia |
| 20 | Maine | 48 | Washington |
| 21 | Maryland | 49 | West Virginia |
| 22 | Massachusetts | 50 | Wisconsin |
| 23 | Michigan | 51 | Wyoming |
| 24 | Minnesota | 52 | APO/FPO |
| 25 | Mississippi | 53 | Puerto Rico |
| 26 | Missouri | 54 | Virgin Islands |
| 27 | Montana | 54 | Guam |
| 28 | Nebraska | 54 | U.S. Citizens Abroad |
|  |  |  |  |

NOTE: For high income returns this code was set equal to zero.

## 27. TFORM Form of Return

(A) 1040 Return............... 0
(B) 1040A Return $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$.
(C) 1040EZ Return
(D) 1040PC Return............ 3

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## 28. TXST TAX STATUS:

(A) No tax owed and IRS did not compute tax ..... 0
(B) Regular tax only, not computed by IRS ..... 1
(C) Taxes are owed and IRS computed tax ..... 2
(D) No taxes due as computed by IRS ..... 3
(E) Tax based on Form 8615, Schedule D tax has no entry ..... 4
(F) Form 8814 tax at children's $15 \%$ rate; Sched D tax has no entry ..... 5
(G) Form 8814 tax at children's $15 \%$ rate; Sched D tax has entry ..... 6
(H) Schedule D tax has an entry, no tax from Form 8615 or Form 8814. ..... 7
(I) Tax based on Form 8615, Schedule D tax also has an entry ..... 8
29. XBI Primary or Secondary Taxpayer Blindness Indicator
(A) Neither the primary nor secondary taxpayer is blind ..... 0
(B) Either the primary or secondary taxpayer is blind ..... 1
(C) Both the primary and secondary taxpayer is blind ..... 2
30. XFPT Primary Taxpayer Exemption
(A) No exemption for primary taxpayer (dep. of another taxpayer) ..... 0
(B) Primary taxpayer exemption. .....  1
31. XFST Secondary Taxpayer Exemption:
(A) No secondary taxpayer or joint return filed be dependents. ..... 0
(B) Secondary taxpayer exemption ..... I
32. XOCAH Exemptions for Children Living at Home
Number of children ..... 0-99
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3, this code was set equal to 3 .

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

33. XOCAWH Exemptions for Children Living Away from Home:

Number of children.............. 0-99
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOCAWH was set equal to 0 .
34. XOODEP Exemptions for Other Dependents:

Number of other dependents........................... $0-99$
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOODEP was set equal to 0 .
35. XOPAR Exemptions for Parents Living at Home or Away from Home:

Number of parents.......................................... 0-9
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOPAR was set equal to 0 .
36. XTOT Total Exemptions:

Number of exemptions....... 01-99

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## EXPLANATION OF FIELDS NOT ABSTRACTED DIRECTLY FROM TAX FORMS

The following explanations define data fields contained in the 1994 Individual Tax File that have not been abstracted directly from a specific line on Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, or the accompanying schedules and forms. Field numbers not appearing in this section have been entered on the specific lines on the forms or schedules from which the data were abstracted. Refer to the " 1994 Federal Tax Forms" section of this booklet for further information.

## Field

Number
9

17

## DEDUCTIONS

This is either Total Standard Deduction or Total Itemized Deductions. Only one can appear on each return. (Note: If the taxpayer had no income, but still included the total itemized deductions for which he/she was eligible, this amount is shown in Field 34.)

COMPUTED INCOME TAX
This is a computed amount arrived at by applying the Tax Rate Schedules to Taxable Income, without regard to the type of computation used by the taxpayer.

## INCOME SUBJECT TO TAX

For taxpayers filing current year returns, "Income Subject to Tax" is identical to taxable income except for: those dependents paying "kiddie" tax from Form 8615; and those returns with long-term capital gains taxed at the 28 percent rate (TXST equals 6 or 7 ). For dependents filing Form 8615 (TXST $=4$ or 8 ), this is the income taxed at child's rate. For taxpayers with long-term capital gains, this is only the income taxed at the regular rates (not any capital gains that were taxed at the maximum capital gains rate of 28 percent). For prior year returns, "income subject to tax" is computed by using the Tax Year tax rate schedule to impute a hypothetical taxable income amount necessary to yield the given amount of tax reported.

MARGINAL TAX BASE
This is the amount of income subject to tax at the marginal tax rate applicable to the return (TXRT), using the 1994 Tax Rate Schedules for all returns. (See Income Subject to Tax).

TAX GENERATED
This is a computed amount arrived at by applying the Tax Rate Schedules to Income Subject to Tax.

TOTAL TAX CREDITS (SOI)
Total credits from Form 1040 (line 45) or 1040A (line 24c) plus EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS (F61).

OTHER TAX CREDITS (NOT INCLUDED IN THE OTHER CREDIT FIELDS)
The sum of the amounts for Other Tax Credits on Form 1040 line 44 for which seperate fields have not been listed.

TOTAL INCOME TAX Income Tax After Credits (F51) plus Alternative Minimum Tax (F53).

INCOME TAX AFTER CREDITS (SOI)
Income Tax after Credits from Form 1040 (line 46) or 1040A (line 25) minus the amount of Earned Income Credit used to offset Income Tax Before Credits. For Form 1040EZ, which does not allow for any credits or any other taxes, this is the same as "Total Tax Liability."

TOTAL TAX LIABILITY (SOI)
Total tax liability (Form 1040, line 53, Form 1040A, line 27, Form 1040-EZ, line 8) minus Advance Earned Income Credit (line 52, Form 1040) payments minus EIC USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS (F69) minus EIC USED TO OFFSET ALL OTHER TAXES EXCEPT ADVANCE EIC (F70).

EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS
This amount is the lesser of: Total Earned Income Credit or Income Tax Before Credits (F39) minus all credits except the Earned Income Credit.

62-63 If Total Earned Income Credit (EIC) is greater than Income Tax Before Credits (reduced by all credits except the Earned Income Credit), the following fields are computed

## 62- EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET ALL OTHER TAXES EXCEPT ADVANCE EIC The lesser of:

1. Total EIC minus Earned Income Credit used to offset Income Tax Before Credits (F61); or
2. The sum of all other taxes (fields 52 through 56).

63- EARNED INCOME CREDIT, REFUNDABLE PORTION EIC minus F61 minus F62 (see above for definitions and conditions).

TOTAL TAX PAYMENTS
Total payments shown on the tax form, minus the total Earned Income Credit (Form 1040 line 60 minus line 56). This is limited to zero if there is a refundable EIC.

BUSINESS RECEIPTS
Line 3 plus line 6 of Schedule C.
146 NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME
The lessor of line 6 (net Schedule SE earnings) or 9 (maximum amount subject to Social Security tax) on the combined Schedule SE. For the short form, Schedule SE, this is line 4.

147 NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, SECONDARY TAXPAYER
The lessor of line 6 (net Schedule SE earnings) or 9 (maximum amount subject to Social Security tax) on the secondary taxpayer's Schedule SE. For the short form, Schedule SE, this is line 4.

EARNED INCOME LIMITATION
The smaller of line 5 or 6 (primary or secondary earned income), Form 2441
COMBINED TAX PREFERENCES
Sum of the amounts on lines $4,7,8,9,10,11,12$ and 13, Form 6251. The amounts on lines 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 can be determined from items on Form 1040 or Schedule A.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

NET OPERATING LOSS TAX PREFERENCELine 17 less line 20, Form 6251.

TOTAL CURRENT YEAR PASSIVE NET INCOME
Lines 1 A $+2 A$, Form 8582
TOTAL CURRENT YEAR PASSIVE NET LOSSES
Lines 1b + 2b, Form 8582
RETURN ID
A unique number assigned for each sampled tax return during processing.
DECIMAL WEIGHT
This field was derived by dividing the computer population count of returns in a sample stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum (carried to two decimal places). The decimal place is implied. All estimates derived from this file must be multiplied by this decimal weight and divided by 100 .
SAMPLE COUNT
The number of sampled tax returns found in the given sample code.
POPULATION COUNT
The number of tax returns in the population for a given sample code.
SAMPLE CODE
(A) Nonbusiness Nonfarm returns...................................... 001-024
(B) High Income Nontaxable (HINT) Returns..................... 101
(C) Expanded HINT, but not HINT..................................... 129
(D) PSAMP GE 101 and LE 124; Return is not a HINT....... 130
(E) Large Business Returns.................................................. 201
(F) PSAMP GE 101 and LE 224; not a Large Business........ 230
(G) Business \& Non-Business Foreign Tax Credit Returns.. 401-424
(H) Business Farm and Non-Farm Returns........................... 601-624
(I) Farm Nonbusiness Returns.............................................. 801-824
Note: See Sample Description for description of sample codes
MARGINAL TAX RATE
Top rate from tax rate schedule that applies to income subject to tax. See definition for field number 40 (Income Subject to Tax).

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILE

Each "data record" in the file, representing one SOI record, is composed of 1,830 characters. Blocks are made up of $\mathbf{1 2}$ data records and are separated by a $3 / 4$ inch "inter record gap" (IRG). There is no special indication at the end of a block other than the IRG, and no indication of the end of a data record.

Tape characters are recorded in either EBCDIC or ASCII on a 3480 standard IBM cartridge; however, the user can also request the data on a nine-track, 6250 bytes per inch (BPI) magnetic tape.

Each code and data field is numeric and defined in character format. All codes are unsigned The data fields are signed positive or negative, whichever is appropriate, in the last character position of the field.

Codes are defined as 2 characters in length with leading zeros. The largest value is 99 . The fields in the file are 10 characters in length with leading zeros. Weight factors are provided to accommodate a decimal integer weighting system.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

This section describes the sample design and selection, the method of estimation, the sampling variability of the estimates, and the methodology of computing confidence intervals.

## Domain of Study

The data in this file are estimates from a probability sample of unaudited Individual Income Tax Returns, Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 1040PC and 1040TEL (including electronic returns) filed by U.S. citizens and residents during Calendar Year 1995.

All returns processed during 1995 were subjected to sampling except tentative and amended returns. Tentative returns were not subjected to sampling because the revised returns may have been sampled later, while amended returns were excluded because the original returns had already been subjected to sampling. A small percentage of returns were not identified as tentative or amended until after sampling. These returns, along with those that contained no income information, were excluded in calculating estimates. This resulted in a small difference between the population total ( $116,878,243$ returns) reported in Table A and the estimated total of all returns ( $115,943,150$ returns) generated using the Public Use Tax File. In addition, the perfection of money amounts during Statistics of Income processing, as well as the blurring techniques used in creation of the Public Use File, may have shifted some returns from one income class to another, making it impossible to replicate Table A exactly from the Public Use sample.

The records found in this file are intended to represent all returns filed for Tax Year 1994. While about 97 percent of the returns processed during Calendar Year 1995 were for Tax Year 1994, a few were for noncalendar years ending during 1994 and 1995, and some were returns for prior years. Returns for prior years were used in place of 1994 returns received and processed after December 31, 1995. This was done in the belief that the characteristics of returns due, but not yet processed, could best be represented by the returns for previous income years that were processed in 1995. Therefore, data for Tax Year 1994 may include amounts for discontinued items, such as the interest deductible from credit cards, reported on select prior year returns processed in 1995.

## Sample Design and Selection

The sample design is a stratified probability sample, in which the population of tax returns is classified into subpopulations, called strata, and a sample is selected independently from each stratum. Strata are defined by:

1. Nontaxable with adjusted gross income or expanded income of $\$ 200,000$ or over and no alternative minimum tax.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

2. 
3. Presence or absence of special Forms or Schedules (Form 2555, Form 1116, Form 1040 Schedule C, and Form 1040 Schedule F)

Total gross positive or negative income. Sixty variables are used to derive positive and negative incomes.
5. Potential usefulness of the return for tax policy modeling. Thirty-two variables are used to determine how useful the return is for tax modeling purposes.

Table A shows the population and sample count for each stratum after collapsing some strata with the same sampling rates. The sampling rates range from 0.02 percent to 100 percent.

Tax data processed to the IRS Individual Master File at the Martinsburg Computing Center during Calendar Year 1995 were used to assign each taxpayer's record to the appropriate stratum and to determine whether or not the record should be included in the sample. Records are selected for the sample either if they possess certain combinations of the four ending digits of the social security number, or if their ending five digits of an eleven-digit number generated by a mathematical transformation of the SSN is less than or equal to the stratum sampling rate times 100,000 .

## Data Capture and Cleaning

Data capture for the SOI sample begins with the designation of a sample of administrative records. While the sample was being selected, the process was continually monitored for sample selection and data collection errors. In addition, a small subsample of returns was selected and independently reviewed, analyzed, and processed for a quality evaluation.

The administrative data and controlling information for each record designated for this sample was loaded onto an online database at the Cincinnati Service Center. Computer data for the selected administrative records were then used to identify inconsistencies, questionable values, and missing values as well as any additional variables that an editor needed to extract for each record. The editors use a hardcopy of the taxpayer's return to enter the required information onto the online system. Data are also adjusted during editing in an attempt to achieve consistent statistical definitions. For example, a taxpayer may report director's fees on the other income line of the Form 1040 return. If this situation had been detected during editing, the amount of director's fees would have been entered into the salaries and wages field.

After the completion of service center review, data were further validated, tested, and balanced at the Detroit Computing Center. Adjustments and imputations for selected fields were used to make each record intemally consistent.

## 1994 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Some returns designated for the sample were not available for SOI processing because other areas of IRS needed the return at the same time. For Tax Year 1994, 0.23 percent of the sample returns were unavailable.

## Method of Estimation

Weights were obtained by dividing the population count of returns in a stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum. The weights were adjusted to correct for misclassified returns.
Table A.-Number of Individual Income Tax Returns in the Population and Sample by Sampling Strata for 1994

This population includes 49 records that were misclassified because of bad data collected during revenue processing.

Weighted counts for each code field

| AGEX |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 102,052,095 | 0 |
| 8,525,036 | 1 |
| 286,472 | 2 |
| 5,079.547 | 3 |
|  | AGIR1 |
| 953,220 | 0 |
| 2,389,107 | 1 |
| 3,209,436 | 2 |
| 3,179,422 | 3 |
| 2,851,283 | 4 |
| 3,002,808 | 5 |
| 2,767,003 | 6 |
| 2,809,761 | 7 |
| 2,943,296 | 8 |
| 2,896.753 | 9 |
| 2,818,285 | 10 |
| 2,678,102 | 11 |
| 2,720,198 | 12 |
| 2,681,230 | 13 |
| 2,812,299 | 14 |
| 2,573,086 | 15 |
| 2,583,907 | 16 |
| 2,370,672 | 17 |
| 2,214,942 | 18 |
| 2,102,700 | 19 |
| 2,:38,663 | 20 |
| 9,663,352 | 21 |
| 8,121,014 | 22 |
| 12,013,762 | 23 |
| 9,024,082 | 24 |
| 13,126,612 | 25 |
| 4,783,921 | 26 |
| 3,404,725 | 27 |
| 890,284 | 28 |
| 149,292 | 29 |
| 69,934 | 30 |
|  | CYCLE |
| 435,240 | 4 |
| 1,187,381 | 5 |
| 2,639,697 | 6 |
| 4,605,597 | 7 |
| 5,110,875 | 8 |
| 5,134,542 | 9 |
| 5,515,010 | 10 |
| 6,290,591 | 11 |
| 6,524,261 | 12 |
| 5,946,788 | 13 |
| 5,629,417 | 14 |
| 5,778,413 | 15 |
| 5,364,841 | 15 |
| 5,902,393 | 17 |
| 5,698,229 | 18 |
| 6,011,121 | 19 |
| 5,966,288 | 20 |
| 4,790,140 | 21 |
| 2,493,067 | 22 |
| 2,194,646 | 23 |
| 3,130,973 | 24 |
| 3,154,720 | 25 |
| 2,954.294 | 25 |
| 2,722,376 | 27 |


| $1,528,695$ $1,754,811$ | 28 29 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1,754,811 | CYCLE |
| 1,351,760 | 30 |
| 831,029 | 31 |
| 353,046 | 32 |
| 313,373 | 33 |
| 286,347 | 34 |
| 347,408 | 35 |
| 650,280 | 36 |
| 493.178 | 37 |
| 348,216 | 38 |
| 128,765 | 39 |
| 148,164 | 40 |
| 167.329 | 41 |
| 109,102 | 42 |
| 173.495 | 43 |
| 289,:56 | 44 |
| 432,:21 | 45 |
| 379,795 | 46 |
| 157,136 | 47 |
| 108,641 | 48 |
| 100,652 | 49 |
| 105,339 | 50 |
| 129.464 | 51 |
| 74,948 | 52 |
|  | DS I |
| 106, 377,522 | 0 |
| 9,565,628 | 1 |
|  | $E E \pm$ |
| 104,040,588 | 0 |
| 11,902,562 | 1 |
|  | EIC |
| 100,854,154 | 0 |
| 8,227,944 | 1 |
| 6,861,051 | 2 |
|  | ELECT |
| 96,872,123 | 0 |
| 11,518,363 | 1 |
| 7,552,664 | 2 |
|  | FDED |
| 33,017,689 | - |
| 81,947,251 | 2 |
| -978,211 | 3 |
|  | FLPDYR |
| $\therefore, 098$ | 85 |
| 7,473 | 87 |
| 14,463 | 88 |
| 21,143 | 89 |
| 43,256 | 90 |

1994 STATE NON-PUBLIC USE TAX FILE


1994 STATE NON-PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| $\begin{aligned} & 90,571 \\ & 57,610 \end{aligned}$ | 5 6 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | PCI |
| 112,949,851 | 0 |
| 2,993,300 | 1 |
|  | PREP |
| 57,439,208 | 0 |
| 57,414,834 | 1 |
| 74,630 | 2 |
| 19,643 | 3 |
| 418,161 |  |
| 50,153 | 5 |
| 526,522 | 6 |
|  | PSV |
| 114,457,620 | 1 |
| 1,485,531 | 2 |
|  | REGION |
| 1,148,757 | 0 |
| 14,090,375 | 1 |
| 15,338,527 | 2 |
| 15,096,477 | 3 |
| 13,538,942 | 4 |
| 22,314,174 | 5 |
| 15,343,482 | 6 |
| 19,072,416 | 7 |
|  | SCHB |
| 82,427,288 | 0 |
| 33,515,862 | 1 |
|  | SCHCE |
| 98,094,819 | 0 |
| 15,583,499 | 1 |
| 1,696,548 | 2 |
| 344,167 | 3 |
| 224,117 | 4 |
|  | SCHE |
| 101,636,528 | 0 |
| 14,306,622 | 1 |
|  | SPECTX |
| 115,842,155 | 0 |
| 14,763 | 1 |
| 73,814 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 12,416 | 4 |
|  | STATE |
| $1.148,757$ | 0 |


| 1,802,012 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 297,086 | 2 |
| 1,780,766 | 3 |
| 1,059,563 | 4 |
| 13,172,409 | 5 |
| 1,652,386 | 6 |
| 1,447,055 | 7 |
| 324,034 | 8 |
| 312,260 | 9 |
| 6,477,968 | 10 |
| 3,079,051 | 11 |
| 522,729 | 12 |
| 421,369 | 13 |
| 5,326,914 | 14 |
| 2,457,505 | 15 |
| 1,393,108 | 16 |
| 1,086,210 | 17 |
| 1,636,862 | 18 |
| 1,623,394 | 19 |
| 543,378 | 20 |
| 2,434,323 | 21 |
| 2,728,671 | 22 |
| 4,290,088 | 23 |
| 2,166,425 | 24 |
| 969,226 | 25 |
|  | STATE |
| 2,263,424 | 26 |
| 320,991 | 27 |
| 748,837 | 28 |
| 687,851 | 29 |
| 552,371 | 30 |
| 3,751,645 | 31 |
| 657,182 | 32 |
| 7,515,077 | 33 |
| 3,243,317 | 34 |
| 253,178 | 35 |
| 4,994,574 | 36 |
| 1,387,890 | 37 |
| 1,384,090 | 38 |
| 5,215,252 | 39 |
| 470,430 | 40 |
| 1,681,255 | 41 |
| 400,087 | 42 |
| 2,378,389 | 43 |
| 7,820,319 | 44 |
| 735,824 | 45 |
| 281,961 | 46 |
| 2,970,626 | 47 |
| 2,350,118 | 48 |
| 711,346 | 49 |
| 2,223,514 | 50 |
| 222,904 | 51 |
| 236,764 | 52 |
| 48,669 | 53 |
| 281,718 | 54 |
|  | TFORM |
| 65,390,975 | 0 |
| 26,052,306 | 1 |
| 20,507,570 | 2 |
| 2,993,300 | 3 |
|  | TXST |
| 23,118,528 | 0 |


| 90,682,900 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 92,015 | 2 |
| 135,559 | 3 |
| 247,629 | 4 |
| 113,862 | 5 |
| 20,657 | 6 |
| 1,530,825 | 7 |
| 1,177 | 8 |
|  | XBI |
| 115,672,262 | 0 |
| 265,527 | 1 |
| 5,362 | 2 |
|  | XFPT |
| 9,565,628 | 0 |
| 106,377,522 | 1 |
|  | XEST |
| 67,502,687 | 0 |
| 48,440,464 | 1 |
|  | XOCAH |
| 75,628,419 | 0 |
| 18,614,216 | 1 |
| 14,717,815 | 2 |
| 5,082,634 | 3 |
| 1,396,282 | 4 |
| 356,338 | 5 |
| 99,357 | 6 |
| 27,777 | 7 |
| 14,161 | 8 |
| 1,545 | 9 |
| $9: 7$ | 10 |
| 3,689 | 12 |
|  | XOCAWH |
| $1: 5,114,800$ | 0 |
| 570.317 | 1 |
| 192,902 | 2 |
| 56,964 | 3 |
| 8,164 | 4 |
| 3 | 5 |
|  | XOODEP |
| $\because: 3,742,043$ | 0 |
| 1,659,922 | 1 |
| 389,154 | 2 |
| 86,834 | 3 |
| 46,371 | 4 |
| 6,724 | 5 |
| 8,740 | 6 |
| 3,362 | 7 |
|  | XCPAR |
| $\because: 4,177.328$ | 0 |

## 1994 STATE NON-PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| $1.490,414$ | $\vdots$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 264,225 | 2 |
| 7,761 | 3 |
| 3,423 | 4 |


|  | XTOT |
| ---: | ---: |
| $9,560,571$ | 0 |
| $41,863,076$ | 1 |
| $31,147,757$ | 2 |
| $14,494,107$ | 3 |
| $12,183,951$ | 4 |
| $4,702,008$ | 5 |
| $1,412,364$ | 6 |
| 384,736 | 7 |
| 134,806 | 8 |
| 33,372 | 9 |
| 19,307 | 10 |
| 2,435 | 11 |
| 965 | 12 |
| 3,689 | 14 |
| 8 | 18 |



E5
$11,861,495,680$
$E 6$
$4,116,068,316$
$E 7$
-------------
$156,835,224,143$
$E 8$
$------137,472,440,964$
$-------------745,846,906$
2,7
$=20$
----------2
$-3,217,799,259$
$-3.217 .799 .259$
33,110,802,630

E12
$205,438,475,983$
$: 37,236,: 26,473$
$E 15$
$----------\quad$
$-7,335,389,551$
F16
20,284,895,97:
$\because \because, 336,922,269$

## 







F9

## Weighted counts for each anount field

F18
$38,641,836,195$
F22
$5,974,196,523$
F23
$2,414,441,452$
F24
1,548,474,720
E25
$13,107,038,535$
F26
$1,183,686,285$
F27
$8,198,556,865$
F28
$136,972,872$
-------------------
F29
$4,-51,991,568$

E33
3908189085803
E34
$899,160,367,859$
E35
562,559,451,595

2596806675443
F37
$540,615,484,499$
F38
$548,439.938 .436$
F39
$54:, 246,675,125$
E40




| $26,378,548,989$ | F74 | 778,227,545,502 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F97 |
| 105,324,818,800 |  | --------------- |
|  |  | 301,516,053,788 |
|  | F75 |  |
| $63,130,868,580$ |  |  |
|  |  | F98 |
|  | F78 |  |
|  |  | 790,419,541,543 |
| 179,281,605,468 |  |  |
|  | F79 | F99 |
| $6,436.076 .256$ |  | 488,905,580,194 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | F100 |
|  | F80 | 30,823, 623,647 |
| 2,115,959,133 |  |  |
|  |  | E101 |
| F81 |  | 9,127,837,852 |
| 9,695,774,118 |  | E102 |
|  | F82 | ---------------- |
| 197,529,666,942 |  | 26,078,643,580 |
|  |  | F103 |
|  | E83 | ---------------- |
| $55,212,208,356$ |  | 13,258,404,544 |
|  |  | F104 |
|  | 584 | ---------------- |
| -4,630,775,990 |  | 3,785,041,748 |
|  |  | F105 |
|  | F86 |  |
| $70.586,992,322$ |  | 5,184,507,724 |
|  |  | F106 |
|  | F87 | -------- |
| 29,449,823,584 |  | $8,007,265,754$ |
|  |  | F107 |
|  | F88 | --- |
| $29.673,572.915$ |  | 20,920,264,420 |
|  |  | F108 |
|  | F89 | --------------- |
| 2,618,207,266 |  | $53,600,661,011$ |
|  |  | F109 |
| E90 |  | ---------------- |
|  |  | 318,969,552,815 |
| 43,424,273,908 |  |  |
|  |  | F111 |
| E91 |  | $22,732,283,653$ |
| $3,438,839,387$ |  | F112 |
|  | F94 | ------------ |
| : 3, 321,274,282 |  | 26,929,177,790 |
|  |  | F114 |
|  | F95 |  |
| 5,202,914,781 |  | 57,066,006,656 |
|  |  | F115 |
|  | F96 | -------------- |

878,048,911

E1: 6
$8,488,456,598$

$1,: 34,880,020$
F:37
$15,131,315,287$

F138
$87,668,775,522$

3,376,083,643
F. 40
$25,073,720,987$
F141
$1: 5,650,461,343$

3,480,687.681
$E: 43$
$6,-81,399,358$
$E \cdot i$
$553,288,873$
E145
$2,898,904,261$
2146
$257,677,618,-77$
$E 147$
$21,591,657,203$
E.42
$72,962,722,523$

13:,275,456,289
$E: 50$
:2,763,345,427
F:5:
$70.515,920$

1994 STATE NON-PUBLIC USE TAX FILE


## 1994 STATE NON-PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## 1994 <br> FEDERAL TAX FORMS (WITH ELEMENT NUMBERS REFERENCED)

## FIELD NUMBERS

Field Numbers presented on the tax forms and schedules lines can be used to cross reference to the Core Record Layout. An example of this is line 7 on the Form 1040 which has a field number of 1 .


On the Core Record Layout it would appear as" 1 " to the left of the Salaries and Wages line See example below.
-- Record Layout --

1. SALARIES AND WAGES
2. TAXABLE INTEREST INCOME
3. TAX-EXEMPT INTEREST INCOME

Another example, Line 8a, Taxable Interest Income, on the Form 1040 (see below) has a field number of 2. This field number is cross referenced to the Taxable Interest Income line on the 1994 Core Record Layout, which contains the number 2 to the left of the line (see above)




Earned Income Credit Worksheet-Line 56 (keep for your records)
Caution: If you are a minister or member of a religious order, see Special Rules on page 29 before completing this worksheet.

1. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 7
2. 
3. If you received a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that wasn't reported on a W-2 form, enter that amount here
4. Subtract line 2 from line 1.
5. Enter any nontaxable earned income (see page 29). Types of nontaxable earned income include contributions to a 401 (k) plan, which should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form, and military housing and subsistence
6. 
7. If you were self-employed or used Schedule C or C-EZ as a statutory employee, enter the amount from the worksheet on page 29
8. 
9. 60
10. Add lines 3,4 , and 5
11. 
12. $\qquad$
13. Look up the amount on line 6 above in the EIC Table on pages 30-31 to find your credit. Enter the credit here
14. $\qquad$
If line 7 is zero, stop. You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" next to Form 1040, line 56
15. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 31
16. 

## 9. Is line 8 less than-

- $\$ 5,000$ if you don't have a qualifying child?
- $\$ 11,000$ if you have at least one qualifying child?

YES. Go to line 10 now.
$\square$ NO. Look up the amount on line 8 above in the EIC Table on pages $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 1}$ to find your credit. Enter the credit here
9. $\qquad$
10. Eamed income credit.

- If you checked "YES" on line 9, enter the amount from line 7.
- If you checked "NO" on line 9 , enter the smalier of line 7 or line 9
Next: Take the amount from line 10 above and enter it on Form 1040, line 56.


## AND

If you had any nontaxable earned income (see line 4 above), enter the amount and type of the income in the spaces provided on line 56 .

## AND

Complete Schedule EIC and attach it to your return ONLY if you have a qualifying child.
10. $\qquad$

- A grandchild is any descendant of your son, daughter, or adopted child. For example, a grandchild includes your greatgrandchild, great-great-grandchild, etc.
- A student is a child who-

1. Was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 1994, or
2. Took a full-time, on-farm training course during any 5 months of 1994. The course had to be given by a school or a state. county, or local government agency.
A school includes technical, trade, and mechanical schools. It does not include on-the-job training courses or correspondence schools.

- A child is permanently and totally disabled if both of the following apply.

1. He or she cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition.
2. A doctor determines the condition has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year or can lead to death.
Exception. The child, including a foster child, is considered to have lived with you for all of 1994 if both of the following apply. 1. The child was born or died in 1994.
3. Your home was the child's home for the entire time he or she was alive during 1994.
Temporary absences. such as for school vacation, or medical care, count as time lived at home.
Married Child. If your child was married at the end of 1994, that child is a qualifying child only if you can claim him or her as your dependent on Form 1040, line 6c. But if this child's other parent claimed him or her as a dependent under the rules on page 14 for Children of Divorced or Separated Par. ents, this child is your qualifying child.
Qualifying Child of More Than One Person. If a child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of more than one person, only the person who had the highest adjusted gross income for 1994 may treat that child as a qualifying child. If the other person is your spouse and you are filing a joint return, this rule doesn't apply. If you cannot take the earned income credit because of this rule, enter "No" next to line 56

Example. You and your 5 -year-old daughter moved in with your mother in April 1994 You are not a qualifying child of your mother. Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. Your adjusted gross income for 1994 was $\$ 10,000$ and your mother's was $\$ 14,000$. Because your mother's adjusted gross income was higher, your daughter is your mother's qualifying child

## Qualifying Child

A qualifying child is a child who:

1. Is your son, daughter, adopted child, grandchild, stepchild, or foster child, and
2. Was (at the end of 1994)-

- under age 19 , or
- under age 24 and a student (see this page), or
- any age and permanently and totally disabled (see this page), and

3. Lived with you in the United States for more than half of 1994 (for all of 1994 if a foster child). If the child didn't live with you for the required time, see the Exception later

A child doesn't have to be your dependent in most cases. But if the child was married or is also a qualifying child of another person (other than your spouse if filing a joint return) special rules apply. See Married Child and

## Qualifying Child of More Than One Person

 on this page.Example. You are divorced and have a 7 -year-old son. Although you had custody of your son, he is claimed as a dependent on his other parent's 1994 tax return. Your son is your qualifying child because he meets one condition from each of the three requirements listed earlier. Your son is not a qualifying child of his other parent because he did not live with the other parent for more than half of 1994 and the Exception on this page does not apply.
The following explains some of the terms used earlier.

- A foster child is any child you cared for as your own child. For example, if you acted as the parent of your niece or nephew, this child is considered your foster child.
- A child placed with you by an authorized placement agency for legal adoption is an adopted child even if the adoption isn't final.

Label

| (See page 16. ) | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{L} \\ \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{B} \end{gathered}$ | Your first name and initial Last name |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | If a joint return. spouse's first name and initial Last name |  |
| Use the IRS labed. <br> Otherwise, please print or type. | E |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & H \\ & \mathbf{E} \\ & \mathbf{R} \\ & \mathbf{E} \end{aligned}$ | Home address (number and sureet). If you have a P.O. box, see page 17 | Apt. no. |
|  |  | City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address, see page 17. |  |

Presidential Election Campaign Fund (See page 17.) Do you want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund? If a joint return, does your spouse want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund?

1994
IRS Use Only-Do not write or staple in this space

Your social security number
Spouse's social security number

For Privacy Act and
Paperwork
Reduction Act Notice, see page 4.
Note: Checking "Yes" will not change your tax or reduce your refund.
Check the
box for
your filing
status
(See page 17.)
Check only one

Single
$2 \square$ Married filing joint return (even if only one had income)
$3 \square$ Married filing separate return. Enter spouse's social security number
MARS above and full name here.
$4 \square$ Head of household (with qualifying person). (See page 18.) If the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent, enter this child's name here.
$5 \square$ Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (year spouse died $19 \quad$ ). (See page 19.)
Figure XFPT
your XFST exemptions
(See page 20.)

If more than
seven
dependents
see page 23

Figure
your total income

Attach Copy $B$ of your Forms W-2 and 1099-R here.

If you didn't get a
W-2, see page 25
Enclose but
do not attach,
any payment with your return.

| Dependents: <br> (1) Name (first, initial, and last name) | (2) Check <br> if under age 1 | (3) If age 1 or older, dependent's social security number | (4) Dependent's relationship to yOu | (5) No. of months lived in your home in 1994 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | : |  |  |
|  |  | ! |  |  |
|  |  | ! |  |  |
|  |  | : |  |  |
|  |  | ! |  |  |
|  |  | $\vdots$ |  |  |
|  |  | : |  |  |

No. of boxes
checked on checked on
d If your child didn't live with you but is claimed as your dependent under a pre-1985 agreement, check here
e Total number of exemptions claimed.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { not chan } \\ & \text { reduce }\end{aligned}$
qualifying
9

Wages, salaries, tips, etc. This should be shown in box 1 of your W-2 form(s). Attach Form(s) W-2.
8a Taxable interest income (see page 25). If over \$400, attach Schedule 1.

| b | Tax-exempt interest. DO NOT include on line 8 a. | 8 b | 3 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | Dividends. If over $\$ 400$, attach Schedule 1. |  |  |  |


| 10a Total IRA | 10b Taxable amount |
| :--- | :--- |


|  | distributions. | 10a |  | (see page 26). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 a | Total pensions and annuities. | 11a 12 | 11b | Taxable amount (see page 27) |

12 Unemployment compensation (see page 30).
13a Social security

| benefits. 13a 13b Taxable amount |
| :--- | :--- |

(see page 31).


Dependerts
on $6 c$ not
entered above


14 Add lines 7 through 13b (far right column). This is your total income. 14
15 a Your IRA deduction (see page 34). 15 a
Figure
your
adjusted gross income
b Spouse's IRA deduction (see page 34).
c Add lines 15 and 15 b . These 34 )
c Add ines $15 a$ and 15 b. These are your total adjustments.
16 Subtract line 15c from line 14. This is your adjusted gross income. If less than $\$ 25,296$ and a child lived with you (less than $\$ 9.000$ if a chiid didn't live with you), see "Earned income credit" on page 44.

Figure your standard deduction, exemption amount, and taxable income

17 Enter the amount from line 16.
18a Check \(\left.\left\{$$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { XBI } \\
\square \text { You were } 65 \text { or older } & \square \text { Blind } \\
\text { if: }\end{array}
$$\right\} \begin{array}{l}Spouse was 65 or older number of <br>

\square Blind\end{array}\right\}\)| $\square$ |
| :--- |
| boxes checked | 18a $\square$

b If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent, check here . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
c If you are married filing separately and your spouse files Form 1040 and itemizes deductions, see page 38 and check here. 18c DSI

19 Enter the standard deduction shown below for your filing status. But if you checked any box on line 18a or b, go to page 38 to find your standard deduction. If you checked box 18c, enter-0-.

- Single- $\$ 3,800$ - Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)- $\$ 6,350$
- Head of household- $\$ 5,600$
- Married filing separately-\$3,175

20 Subtract line 19 from line 17. If line 19 is more than line 17 enter -0-


24a Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Schedule 2.
b Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule 3.

| $24 a$ | 44 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $24 b$ | 45 |  |

c Add lines 24a and 24b. These are your total credits. 24 c
If you want the
IRS to figure your tax, see the instructions for line 22 on page 39.

25 Subtract line 24c from line 23. If line 24c is more than line 23, enter -0-.
26 Advance earned income credit payments from Form W-2. 26
27 Add lines 25 and 26. This is your total tax.
$-27$
28a Total Federal income tax withheld. If any tax is from Form(s) 1099. check here. $\square$ applied from 1993 return.
c Earned income credit. If required, attach Schedule EIC (see page 44). Nontaxable earned income: amount $\quad$ and type
d Add lines 28a, 28b, and 28c (don't include nontaxable earned income) These are your total payments.
29 If line 28d is more than line 27, subtract line 27 from line 28d This is the amount you overpaid.
30 Amount of line 29 you want refunded to you.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 a | 58 |  |
| 28 b | 59 |  |
| 28 c |  |  |

Figure your tax, credits, and and payments

Figure your refund or amount you owe

31 Amount of line 29 you want applied to your 1995 estimated tax.
$31 \quad 70$

32 If line 27 is more than line 28d, subtract line 28d from line 27 . This is the amount you owe. For details on how to pay, including what to write on your payment, see page 52.


## Use this - Your filing status is single or form if married filing jointly.

- You do not claim any dependents.
- You (and your spouse if married) were under 65 on January 1, 1995, and not blind at the end of 1994.
- Your taxable income (line 5) is less than $\$ 50,000$. You had only wages, salaries, tips, and taxable scholarship or fellowship grants, and your taxable interest income was $\$ 400$ or less. But if you earned tips, including allocated tips, that are not included in box 5 and box 7 of your W-2, you may not be able to use Form 1040EZ. See page 14.
- You did not receive any advance earned income credit payments.

Caution: If married and either you or your spouse had total wages of over $\$ 60,600$, you may not be able to use this form. See page 7.
If you are not sure about your filing status, see page 7. If you have questions about dependents, call Tele-Tax (see page 26) and listen to topic 354. If you can't use this form, call Tele-Tax (see page 26) and listen to topic 352.
Filling in Because this form is read by a machine, please print your numbers inside the boxes like this:


If you received a scholarship or fellowship grant or tax-exempt interest income, such as on municipal bonds, see the booklet before filling in the form. Also, see the booklet if you received a Form 1099-INT showing income tax withheld (backup withholding).
Remember, you must report all wages, salaries, and tips even if you don't get a W-2 form from your employer. You must also report all your taxable interest income, including interest from banks, savings and loans, credit unions, etc., even if you don't get a Form 1099-INT.
If you paid someone to prepare your return, see page 21.
Worksheet Use this worksheet to figure the amount to enter on line 4 if someone can claim you (or your
for
dependents who checked "Yes" on line 4
spouse if married) as a dependent, even if that person chooses not to do so. To find out if someone can claim you as a dependent, call Tele-Tax (see page 26) and listen to topic 354.
A. Enter the amount from line 1 on the front. A.
B. Minimum standard deduction.
B. $\qquad$
C. Enter the LARGER of line A or line B here.
D. Maximum standard deduction. If single, enter 3,800.00; if married, enter $6,350.00$.
D.
$\qquad$
E. Enter the SMALLER of line C or line D here. This is your standard deduction.
E.
E.
F. Exemption amount.

- If single, enter 0 .
- If married and both you and your spouse can be claimed as dependents, enter 0 .
- If married and only one of you can be claimed as a dependent, enter 2,450.00.
F. $\qquad$
G. Add lines E and F. Enter the total here and on line 4 on the front.
G. $\qquad$
If you checked "No" on line 4 because no one can claim you (or your spouse if married) as a dependent, enter on line 4 the amount shown below that applies to you.
- Single, enter 6,250.00. This is the total of your standard deduction (3,800.00) and personal exemption ( $2,450.00$ ).
- Married, enter 11,250.00. This is the total of your standard deduction ( $6,350.00$ ), exemption for yourself $(2,450.00)$, and exemption for your spouse $(2,450.00)$.

Avoid See page 21 of the Form $1040 E Z$ booklet for a list of common mistakes to avoid. Errors will mistakes
delay your refund.

## Mailing

your
return
Mail your return by April 17, 1995. Use the envelope that came with your booklet. If you don't Mail your return by Aprii 17, 1995 . Use the envelope
have that envelope, see page 33 for the address to use.

## (Form 1040)

Schedule A-Itemized Deductions


## Line 20

Unreimbursed Employee Expenses
Enter the total job expenses you paid for which you were not reimbursed. (Amounts your employer included in box 1 of your W-2 form are not considered reimbursements.) But you MUST fill in and attach Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses, if either of the following applies:

1. You claim any travel, transportation, meal, or entertainment expenses for your job, OR
2. Your employer paid you for any of your job expenses reportable on line 20.

If you used your own vehicle and 2 does not apply, you may be able to file Form 2106-EZ, Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses, instead.

If you don't have to file Form 2106 or $2106-E Z$, list the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 20. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 20

Examples of expenses to include on line 20 are:

- Travel, transportation, meal, or entertainment expenses
- Union dues.
- Safety equipment, small tools, and supplies you needed for your job.
- Uniforms your employer said you must have, and which you may not usually wear away from work.
- Protective clothing required in your work. such as hard hats, safety shoes, and glasses.
- Physical examinations your employer said you must have.
- Dues to professional organizations and chambers of commerce.
- Subscriptions to professional journals.
- Fees to employment agencies and other costs to look for a new job in your present occupation, even if you do not get a new job.
- Business use of part of your home, but only if you use that part exclusively and on a regular basis in your work and for the convenience of your employer. For details, including limits that apply, call Tele-Tax (see page 38) and listen to topic 509 or get Pub. 587, Business Use of Your Home.
- Educational expenses you paid that were required by your employer, or by law or regulation, to keep your salary or job. In general. you may also include the cost of keeping or improving skills you must have in your job. For more details, call Tele-Tax (see page 38) and listen to topic 513 or get Pub. 508, Educational Expenses. Some educational expenses are not deductible. See Examples of Expenses You May Not Deduct on page A. 4.


## Line 21

## Tax Preparation Fees

Enter the total fees you paid for preparation of your tax return, including fees paid for filing your return electronically. But do not include fees deducted elsewhere, such as on Schedule C. C-EZ, E, or F.

## Line 22

## Other Expenses

Enter the total amount you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. But do not include any expenses deducted elsewhere such as on Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 22. If you need more space, attach a statement show ing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 22

Examples of expenses to include on line 22 are:

- Safe deposit box rental.
- Certain legal and accounting fees.
- Clerical help and office rent.
- Custodial (e.g., trust account) fees.
- Your share of the investment expenses of a regulated investment company.
- Certain losses on nonfederally insured deposits in an insolvent or bankrupt financial institution. For details, including limits on the amount you may deduct, see Pub. 529.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if $\$ 3,000$ or less.
- Certain expenses related to an activity not engaged in for profit. For details, get Pub. 535, Business Expenses.


## Line 27

## Moving Expenses Incurred Before 1994

If you incurred moving expenses in a year before 1994, but did not deduct them on a prior year's return, you may be able to take this deduction. The move must have been in connection with your job or business. For more details, get the instructions for Form 3903, Moving Expenses, or Form 3903-F, Foreign Moving Expenses.

## Line 28

## Other

Enter your total other miscellaneous deduc tions that are not subject to the $2 \%$ AGl limit List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 28 . If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense Enter one total on line 28. Only the expenses listed below can be deducted on this line

- Gambling losses, but only to the extent of gambling winnings reported on Form 1040. line 21
- Federal estate tax on income in respect of a decedent.
- Amortizable bond premium on bonds acquired before October 23, 1986.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if more than $\$ 3,000$. Get Pub. 525, Taxable and Nontaxable Income, for details.
- Certain unrecovered investment in a pension. Get Pub. 575, Pension and Annuity Income (Including Simplified General Rule). for details.
- Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.
For more details on these expenses, see Pub. 529.


## Total Itemized Deductions

## Line 29

If the amount on Form 1040, line 32, is over $\$ 111,800$ (over $\$ 55,900$ if married filing separately), use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount to enter on line 29

Itemized Deductions Worksheet-Line 29 (keep for your records)

1. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines 4, 9, 14, 18, 19, 26, 27 , and 28
2. 
3. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines 4, 13, and 19, plus any gambling losses included on line 28
Caution: Be sure your total gambling losses are clearly identified on the dotted line next to line 28.
4. Subtract line 2 from line 1 . If the result is zero, stop here; enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 29, and see the Note below.
5. $\qquad$
6. 
7. Multiply line 3 above by $80 \%$ (.80) . . . 4 .
8. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 32
9. 
10. Enter $\$ 111,800$ ( $\$ 55,900$ if married filing separately)
11. $\qquad$
12. Subtract line 6 from line 5 . If the result is zero or less, stop here; enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 29, and see the Note below.
13. Multiply line 7 above by $3 \%(.03)$
14. 
15. 
16. Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 8
17. Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Schedule A, line 29, and see the Note below.
18. 

Note: Also enter on Form 1040, line 34, the larger of the amount you enter on Schedule A, line 29, or your standard deduction.

 Form 1040, line 13. Write "CGD" on the dotted line next to line 13.

| Part III Foreign | If you had over $\$ 400$ of interest or dividends OR had a foreign account or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign trust, you must complete this part. | Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accounts and Trusts | 11a At any time during 1994, did you have an interest in or a signature or other authority over a financial account in a foreign country, such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account? See page B-2 for exceptions and filing requirements for Form TD F 90-22.1 |  |  |
| (See page B-2.) | b If "Yes," enter the name of the foreign country <br> 12 Were you the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust that existed during 1994, whether or not you have any beneficial interest in it? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520, 3520.A. or 926 |  |  |

SCHEDULE C (Form 1040)

Profit or Loss From Business

Partnerships, joint ventures, etc., must file Form 1065.
See Instructions for Schedule C (Form 1040).
A Principal business or profession, including product or service (see page C-1)

E Business address (including suite or room no.)
City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code
F Accounting method:
(1)
$\square$ Cash
(2) $\square$ Accrual
(3)Other (specify)
G Method(s) used to value closing inventory:
(1) $\qquad$ (2) $\qquad$ Lower of cost 1) $\square$ Cost explanation
I Did you "materially participate" in the operation of this business during 1994? If "No," see page C-2 for limit on losses
J If you started or acquired this business during 1994, check here

## Income

1 Gross receipts or sales. Caution: If this income was reported to you on Form W-2 and the "Statutory employee" box on that form was checked, see page C-2 and check here
2 Returns and allowances
3 Subtract line 2 from line 1
4 Cost of goods sold (from line 40 on page 2)
5 Gross profit. Subtract line 4 from line 3
6 Other income, including Federal and state gasoline or fuel tax credit or refund (see page C-2)
7 Gross income. Add lines 5 and 6
Expenses. Enter expenses for business use of your home only on line 30. see page C-5). Estates and trusts, enter on Form 1041, line 3



Supplemental Income and Loss

## Department of the Treasury

 Internal Revenue Service 99(From rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, REMICs, etc.)

Name(s) shown on return
See Instructions for Schedule E (Form 1040).
Name(s) shown an return


Note: If you report amounts from farming or fishing on Schedule E, you must enter your gross income from those activities on line 41 below. Real estate professionals must complete line 42 below.


## Income or Loss From Estates and Trusts



Income or Loss From Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits (REMICs)-Residual Holder

| 37 | (a) Name | (b) Employer identification number | (c) Excess inclusion from Schedules Q, line 2c (see page E-4] |  | (d) Taxable income (net loss) from Schedules Q, line 1b |  | (e) Income from Schedules Q, line 3b |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Combine columns (d) and (e) only. Enter the result here and include in the total on line 40 below |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |  |  |  |
|  | Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Net farm rental income or (loss) from Form 4835. Also, complete line 41 below TOTAL income or (loss). Combine lines 26, 31, 36, 38, and 39. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 17 |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 145 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |  |  |  |
| 41 | Reconciliation of Farming and Fishing Income. Enter your gross farming and fishing income reported on Form 4835, line 7; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15b; Schedule K-1 (Form 1120S), line 23; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), line 13 (see page E-4) |  |  | 41 |  |  | §\%\% |  |  |  |
| 42 | Reconciliation for Real Estate Professionals. If you were a real estate professional (see page E-3), enter the net income or (loss) you reported anywhere on Form 1040 from all rental real estate activities in which you materially participated under the passive activity loss rules. |  |  | 42 |  |  | \%» |  | /4. |  |


| Form <br> Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99) | Child and Dependent Care Expenses <br> Attach to Form 1040. <br> See separate instructions. |  | OMB No. 1545-0068 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $7(1) 4$ |
|  |  |  | Attachment <br> Sequence No 21 |
| Name(s) shown on Form 1040 |  | Your social security number |  |
|  |  |  |  |

You need to understand the following terms to complete this form: Qualifying Person(s), Dependent Care Benefits, Qualified Expenses, and Earned Income. See Important Terms on page 1 of the Form 2441 instructions.


## Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

4 Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 1994. DO NOT enter more than $\$ 2,400$ for one qualifying person or $\$ 4,800$ for two or more persons. If you completed Part III, enter the amount from line 25

5 Enter YOUR earned income
6 If married filing a joint return, enter YOUR SPOUSE'S earned income (if student or disabled, see the instructions); all others, enter the amount from line 5

7 Enter the smallest of line 4,5, or 6
8 Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 32


9 Enter on line 9 the decimal amount shown below that applies to the amount on line 8

| If line 8 is- | Decimal | If line 8 is- | Decimal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OverBut not <br> over | amount is | OverBut not <br> over | amount is |
| \$0-10,000 | . 30 | \$20,000-22,000 | 24 |
| 10,000-12,000 | . 29 | 22,000-24,000 | 23 |
| 12,000-14.000 | . 28 | 24.000-26,000 | . 22 |
| 14.000-16.000 | . 27 | 26,000-28,000 | 21 |
| 16,000-18,000 | . 26 | 28,000-No limit | 20 |
| 18,000-20,000 | 25 |  |  |

10 Multiply line 7 by the decimal amount on line 9 . Enter the result. Then, see the instructions for the amount of credit to enter on Form 1040, line 41.


Caution: If you paid $\$ 50$ or more in a calendar quarter to a person who worked in your home, you must file an employment tax return. Get Form 942 for details.
For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions.

Dependent Care Benefits-Complete this part only if you received these benefits.
11 Enter the total amount of dependent care benefits you received for 1994. This amount should be shown in box 10 of your $\mathbf{W}-2$ form(s). DO NOT include amounts that were reported to you as wages in box 1 of Form(s) W-2

12 Enter the amount forfeited, if any. See the instructions
13 Subtract line 12 from line 11
14 Enter the total amount of qualified expenses incurred in 1994 for the care of the qualifying person(s)

15 Enter the smaller of line 13 or 14
16 Enter YOUR earned income
17 If married filing a joint return, enter YOUR SPOUSE'S earned income (if student or disabled, see the line 6 instructions); if marnied filing a separate return, see the instructions for the amount to enter; all others, enter the amount from line 16

18 Enter the smallest of line 15,16 , or 17.


To claim the child and dependent care credit, complete lines 21-25 below, and lines 4-10 on the front of this form.

21 Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 1994. DO NOT include on this line any excluded benefits shown on line 19

25 Enter the smaller of line 21 or 24 here and on line 4 on the front of this form

(6) Printed on recyched paper

- Attach to your tax return.
- See separate instructions. See separate instuctions.


## Tentative Credit

1a Current year investment credit (Form 3468, Part I)
b Current year jobs credit (Form 5884, Part I)
c Current year credit for alcohol used as fuel (Form 6478)
d Current year credit for increasing research activities (Form 6765, Part III)
e Current year low-income housing credit (Form 8586, Part I)
f Current year enhanced oil recovery credit (Form 8830, Part I)
g Current year disabled access credit (Form 8826, Part I)
h Current year renewable electricity production credit (Form 8835, Part I)
i Current year Indian employment credit (Form 8845, Part I)
j Current year credit for employer social security and Medicare taxes paid on certain employee tips (Form 8846, Part I)
k Current year credit for contributions to selected community development corporations (Form 8847, Part 1).
I Current year general business credit. Add lines 1a through $1 \mathbf{k}$
2 Passive activity credits included on lines 1a through 1 k (see instructions)
3 Subtract line 2 from line 11
4 Passive activity credits allowed for 1994 (see instructions)
5 Carryforward of general business, WIN, or ESOP credit to 1994 (see instructions for the schedule to attach)
6 Carryback of general business credit to 1994 (see instructions)
7 Tentative general business credit. Add lines 3 through 6

| $\mathbf{1 a}$ | 151 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 b}$ | 152 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 c}$ | 153 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 d}$ | 154 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 e}$ | 155 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 f}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 g}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 h}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 i}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 j}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 k}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 l}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ |  |  |

## General Business Credit Limitation Based on Amount of Tax

8a Individuals. Enter amount from Form 1040, line 40.
b Corporations. Enter amount from Form 1120, Schedule J, line 3 (or Form 1120-A, Part I, line 1)
c Other filers. Enter regular tax before credits from your return (see instructions).
9 Credits that reduce regular tax before the general business credit:
a Credit for child and dependent care expenses (Form 2441, line 10)
b Credit for the elderly or the disabled (Schedule R (Form 1040), line 21)
c Mortgage interest credit (Form 8396, line 11).
d Foreign tax credit (Form 1116, line 32, or Form 1118, Sch. B, line 12).
e Possessions tax credit (Form 5735)
f Orphan drug credit (Form 6765, line 10)
9 Credit for fuel from a nonconventional source
h Qualified electric vehicle credit (Form 8834, line 19)
i Add lines 9a through 9h.
10 Net regular tax. Subtract line $9 i$ from line 8
11 Tentative minimum tax (see instructions):
a Individuals. Enter amount from Form 6251, line 26
b Corporations. Enter amount from Form 4626, line 13

| $\mathbf{9 a}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{9 b}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{9} \mathbf{c}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{9 d}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{9 f}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{9 g}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{9 h}$ |  |  |

c Estates and trusts. Enter amount from Form 1041, Schedule H, line 37
12 Net income tax:
a Individuals. Add line 10 above and line 28 of Form 6251.
b Corporations. Add line 10 above and line 15 of Form 4626
c Estates and trusts. Add line 10 above and line 39 of Form 1041, Schedule H
13 If line 10 is more than $\$ 25,000$, enter $25 \%$ (.25) of the excess (see instructions)
14 Subtract line 11 or line 13 , whichever is greater, from line 12 . If less than zero, enter $-0-$. .
15 General business credit allowed for current year. Enter the smaller of line 7 or line 14. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 44; Form 1120, Schedule J, line 4e; Form 1120-A, Part I, line 2a; or the appropriate line of your tax return. (Individuals, estates, and trusts, see instructions if the credit for increasing research activities is claimed. C corporations, see instructions for Schedule A if any regular investment credit carryforward is claimed. See the instructions if the corporation has undergone a post-1986 "ownership change.").


## Schedule A-Additional General Business Credit Allowed By Section 38(c)(2) (Before Repeal by the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1990)-Only Applicable to C Corporations

16 Enter the portion of the credit shown on line 5, page 1, that is attributable to the regular investment credit under section 46 (before amendment by the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1990)

17 Tentative minimum tax (from line 11, page 1)
18 Multiply line 17 by $25 \%$ (.25) .
19 Enter the amount from line 14, page 1.
20 Enter the portion of the credit shown on line 7, page 1, that is NOT attributable to the regular investment credit under section 46 (before amendment by the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1990).

21 Subtract line 20 from line 19 (if less than zero, enter -0-)
22 Subtract line 21 from line 16 (if less than zero, enter -0-)
23 For purposes of this line only, refigure the amount on line 11, Form 4626, by using zero on line 6, Form 4626, and enter the result here.

24 Multiply line 23 by $10 \%$ (.10)
25 Net income tax (from line 12, page 1)
26 General business credit (from line 15, page 1)

27 Subtract line 26 from line 25
28 Subtract line 24 from line 27

29 Enter the smallest of line 18 , line 22 , or line 28
30 Subtract line 29 from line 17

31 Enter the greater of line 30 or line 13, page 1
32 Subtract line 31 from line 25
33 Enter the smaller of line 32 or line 10 , page 1 . Enter this amount also on line 15 , page 1 , instead of the amount previously figured on that line. Write "Sec. $38(\mathrm{c})(2)$ " in the margin next to your entry on line 15 , page 1

34 If line 32 is greater than line 33, enter the excess here (see instructions)


## Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:
Recordkeeping . . . . 11 hr ., 43 min.
Learning about the law or the form . . . . . . . 1 hr .
Preparing and sending the form to the IRS . . 1 hr ., 14 min

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to both the IRS and the Office of Management and Budget at the addresses listed in the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

Attachment Sequence No

## Total Investment Interest Expense

1 Investment interest expense paid or accrued in 1994. See instructions.
2 Disallowed investment interest expense from 1993 Form 4952, line 7
3 Total investment interest expense. Add lines 1 and 2 .


## Net Investment Income

4a Gross income from property held for investment (excluding any net gain from the disposition of property held for investment).
b Net gain from the disposition of property held for investment
c Net capital gain from the disposition of property held for investment

d Subtract line 4 c from line 4 b . If zero or less, enter -0 -
e Enter all or part of the amount on line 4c that you elect to include in investment income. Do not enter more than the amount on line 4 b . See instructions
f Investment income. Add lines 4a, 4d, and 4e. See instructions
5 Investment expenses. See instructions
6 Net investment income. Subtract line 5 from line 4f. If zero or less, enter -0-


## Investment Interest Expense Deduction

7 Disallowed investment interest expense to be carried forward to 1995. Subtract line 6 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0-

8 Investment interest expense deduction. Enter the smaller of line 3 or 6 . See instructions .

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 156 |  |
| 8 | 157 |  |

## Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:
Recordkeeping . . . . . . 13 min.

| Learning about the |
| :--- |
| law or the form . . . . . . . |
| Preparing the form min. |
| Copying, assembling, and <br> sending the form to the IRS | . . 10 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You car write to both the IRS and the Office of Management and Budget at the addresses listed in the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

## General Instructions

Section references are to the internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

## Purpose of Form

Interest expense paid by an individual, estate. or a trust on a loan that is allocable to property held for investment may not be fully deductible in the current year. Form 4952 is used to figure the amount of investment interest expense deductible for the current
year and the amount, if any, to carry forward to future years.

For more details, get Pub. 550, Investment Income and Expenses.

## Who Must File

If you are an individual, estate, or a trust, and you claim a deduction for investment interest expense. you must complete and attach Form 4952 to your tax return, unless all of the following apply:

- Your only investment income was from interest or dividends,
- You have no other deductible expenses connected with the production of interest or dividends.
- Your investment interest expense is not more than your investment income, and
- You have no disallowed investment interest expense from 1993


## Adjustments and Preferences

1 If you itemized deductions on Schedule A (Form 1040), go to line 2. If you did not itemize deductions, enter your standard deduction from Form 1040, line 34, and skip to line 6
2 Medical and dental. Enter the smaller of Schedule A, line 4, or $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ of Form 1040, line 32.
3 Taxes. Enter the amount from Schedule A, line 9.
4 Certain interest on a home mortgage not used to buy, build, or improve your home
5 Miscellaneous itemized deductions. Enter the amount from Schedule A, line 26
6 Refund of taxes. Enter any tax refund from Form 1040, line 10 or 21
7 Investment interest. Enter difference between regular tax and AMT deduction
8 Post-1986 depreciation. Enter difference between regular tax and AMT depreciation
9 Adjusted gain or loss. Enter difference between AMT and regular tax gain or loss
10 Incentive stock options. Enter excess of AMT income over regular tax income
11 Passive activities. Enter difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss
12 Beneficiaries of estates and trusts. Enter the amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), line 8
13 Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds issued after $8 / 7 / 86$
14 Other. Enter the amount, if any, for each item and enter the total on line 14
a Charitable contributions
b Circulation expenditures
c Depletion
d Depreciation (pre-1987)
e Installment sales
f Intangible drilling costs
g Long-term contracts

h Loss limitations.
i Mining costs
j Patron's adjustment
k Pollution control facilities
I Research and experimental
m Tax shelter farm activities n Related adjustments


| 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 | 16 | 0 |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |
| 11 |  | 60 |
| 12 |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |

15 Total Adjustments and Preferences. Combine lines 1 through 14

## Alternative Minimum Taxable Income

16 Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 35. If less than zero, enter as a (loss)
17 Net operating loss deduction, if any, from Form 1040, line 21. Enter as a positive amount
18 If Form 1040 , line 32 , is over $\$ 111,800$ (over $\$ 55,900$ if married fling separately), and you itemized deductions, enter the amount, if any, from line 9 of the worksheet for Schedule A, line 29
19 Combine lines 15 through 18
20 Alternative tax net operating loss deduction. See instructions
21 Alternative Minimum Taxabie Income. Subtract line 20 from line 19. (If married filing separately and line 21 is more than $\$ 165,000$, see instructions.)

| 16 |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 17 |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |
| 19 | 164 |  |
| 20 |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |

## Exemption Amount and Alternative Minimum Tax $F 161=L 17-L 20$

22 Exemption Amount. (If this form is for a child under age 14, see instructions.)
If your filing status is:
And line 21 is not over:
Enter on line 22:
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\$ 33,750 \\ . \\ 45,000 \\ 22,500\end{array}\right\}$

Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) 150,000 . . . . . . . 45,000
Married filing separately.
75.000
22.500

If line 21 is over the amount shown above for your filing status, see instructions
23 Subtract line 22 from line 21. If zero or less, enter -0-here and on lines 26 and 28
24 If line 23 is $\$ 175,000$ or less ( $\$ 87,500$ or less if married filing separately). multiply line 23 by $26 \%$ (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 23 by $28 \%(.28)$ and subtract $\$ 3.500$ ( $\$ 1.750$ if married filing separately) from the result
25 Alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit. See instructions
26 Tentative minimum tax. Subtract line 25 from line 24
27 Enter your tax from Form 1040, line 38 (plus any amount from Form 4970 included on Form 1040, line 39), minus any foreign tax credit from Form 1040, line 43
28 Alternative Minimum Tax. (If this form is for a child under age 14, see instructions.) Subtract line 27 from line 26. If zero or less, enter -0 -. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 48

| 22 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 |  |  |
| 24 |  |  |
| 25 | 165 |  |
| 26 |  |  |
| 27 |  |  |
| 28 |  |  |



## Net Minimum Tax on Exclusion Items

1 Combine lines 16 through 18 of your 1993 Form 6251. Estates and trusts, see instructions
2 Enter adjustments and preferences treated as exclusion items. See instructions.
3 Minimum tax credit net operating loss deduction. See instructions
4 Combine lines 1, 2, and 3. If zero or less, enter - 0 - here and on line 15 and go to Part II. If more than $\$ 165,000$ and you were married filing separately for 1993, see instructions.
5 Enter $\$ 45,000$ ( $\$ 33,750$ if single or head of household for $1993, \$ 22,500$ if married filing separately for 1993). Estates and trusts, enter $\$ 22,500$
6 Enter $\$ 150,000$ ( $\$ 112,500$ if single or head of household for 1993, $\$ 75,000$ if married filing separately for 1993). Estates and trusts, enter $\$ 75,000$
7 Subtract line 6 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0 - here and on line 8 and go to line 9
8 Multiply line 7 by $25 \%$ (.25)
9 Subtract line 8 from line 5 . If zero or less, enter $-0-$. If this form is for a child under age 14 , see instructions
10 Subtract line 9 from line 4. If zero or less, enter - 0 - here and on line 15, and go to Part II. Form 1040NR filers, see instructions
11 If line 10 is $\$ 175,000$ or less ( $\$ 87,500$ or less if married filing separately), multiply line 10 by $26 \%$ (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 10 by $28 \%$ (.28), and subtract $\$ 3,500$ ( $\$ 1,750$ if married filing separately) from the result
12 Minimum tax foreign tax credit on exclusion items. See instructions.
13 Tentative minimum tax on exclusion items. Subtract line 12 from line 11
14 Enter the amount from your 1993 Form 6251, line 27, or Form 1041, Schedule $H$, line 38 c
15 Net minimum tax on exclusion items. Subtract line 14 from line 13 . If zero or less, enter

| 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |

## Minimum Tax Credit and Carryforward to 1995

16 Enter the amount from your 1993 Form 6251, line 28, or Form 1041, Schedule H, line 39
17 Enter the amount from line 15 above
18 Subtract line 17 from line 16. If less than zero, enter as a negative amount
191993 minimum tax credit carryforward. Enter the amount from your 1993 Form 8801, line 26
20 Enter the total of your 1993 unallowed orphan drug credit, 1993 unallowed nonconventional source fuel credit, and 1993 unallowed qualified electric vehicle credit. See instructions
21 Combine lines 18, 19, and 20. If zero or less, stop here and see instructions
22 Enter your 1994 regular income tax liability minus allowable credits. See instructions
23 Enter the amount from your 1994 Form 6251, line 26, or Form 1041, Schedule H, line 37
24 Subtract line 23 from line 22. If zero or less, enter -0-
25 Minimum tax credit. Enter the smaller of line 21 or line 24 . Also enter this amount on the appropriate line of your 1994 tax return. See instructions
26 Minimum tax credit carryforward to 1995. Subtract line 25 from line 21 . See instructions

| 16 |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 17 |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |
| 22 |  |  |
| 23 |  |  |
| 24 |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |
| 26 | 171 |  |

## Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.
The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is: Recordkeeping, 1 hr ., 33 min.; Learning about the law or the form, $1 \mathrm{hr} ., 3 \mathrm{~min}$.; Preparing the form, 1 hr. Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS, 17 min .

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form more simple, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to both the IRS and the Office of Management and Budget at the addresses listed in the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

## General Instructions

Section references are to the internal Revenue Code.

## Purpose of Form

Form 8801 is used by individuals, estates, and trusts to figure the minimum tax credit, if any, for alternative
minimum tax (AMT) incurred in prior tax years after 1986. The form is also used to figure any minimum tax credit carryforward.

## Who Should File

Form 8801 should be filed by individuals, estates, and trusts that had:

- An AMT liability in 1993 and adjustments or preferences (other than exclusion items) in 1993.
- A minimum tax credit carryforward from 1993 to 1994, or
- A nonconventional source fuel credit. an orphan drug credit, or a qualified electric vehicle credit not allowed for 1993 (see the instructions for line 20).


[^0]:    ${ }^{2}$ For greater details on this and other disclosure protection techniques used by the Statistics of Income Division, see: Strudler, Michael; Oh, H. Lock; and Scheuren, Fritz. "Protection of Taxpayer Confidentiality on the IRS Tax Model." Statistics of Income and Related Administrative Record Research: 1986, Internal Revenue Service.

